Design and Technology Knowledge and skills:

Reception - Cycle A/B Term 2 - Structures - Houses

Key Question: How can I make a model of my house and what do I need?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Experience of using construction kits to build walls, towers and frameworks. Experience of using of basic tools e.g., scissors or hole punches with construction materials e.g., plastic, card.	To Know how to make 3D structures free standing, how to join materials	Begin to use the language of designing and making for example join, build, shape. Learning about planning and how to come up with an idea but try to make it even better. Be able to talk about what they will make and how.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
To learn how to use a range of tools, learn how everyday objects work by dismantling them and investigating them. Use of technology toolbox to get used to tools and what they are used for	Cardboard, paper, join, glue, stick, stable, 3D, cut, fold, join, structure, wall, tower, shape, weak, strong, base, top,	

Reception - Cycle A/B Term 4 – Joining materials – Mini-Beast

Key Question: How do I join materials?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
How to join some materials Experience of different methods of joining card and paper To learn to construct with a purpose in mind. Explore materials when making, show freedom of experimenting	To know a variety of joining techniques and when to use them. To know how to use junk modelling as a way of experimenting with construction with freedom.	To be able to design a model. Be able to select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble, and join materials independently. To use tools carefully and safely with purpose.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
To design and build a model. Early experiences of working with paper and card. Experience of simple cutting, shaping, and joining skills using scissors, glue, paper fasteners and masking tape	Materials, join, flaps, hinges, paper fasteners, masking tape, design	

Reception - Cycle A/B - Term 6 - Cooking & Nutrition

Key Question: What healthy ingredients can I put in my smoothie?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
To be able to identify and name some fruits and vegetables. Basic hygiene awareness	To begin to know some of the tools, techniques and processes involved in food preparation.	Develop fine motor skills, cutting/chopping. Working as a team, sharing equipment. Develop social skills – food hygiene, food types and healthy eating
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Know common fruit and vegetables To use senses to select fruit and vegetables (appearance taste and smell.) How to cut soft fruit and vegetables using appropriate utensils. rolling pins, pastry cutters.	fruit and vegetable names, names of equipment and utensils, sensory vocabulary e.g., soft, juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky, core, slicing, peeling, cutting, squeezing, healthy diet, ingredients, tasting,	

KS1 – Cycle A Term 2 Structures

Key Question: How can structures be made stronger and stiffer in order to carry a load?		
What should I already know?	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Experience of using construction kits to build walls, towers, and frameworks. Experience of using of basic tools e.g., scissors or hole punches with construction materials e.g., plastic, card. Experience of different methods of joining card and paper	Know how to measure, mark out, cut, shape, joining and finishing techniques with a range of tools	Select and use tools, materials and techniques suitable for the task, explaining their choices.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Know how to make freestanding structures stronger, stiffer, and more stable. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project	cut, fold, join, fix structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, base, top, underneath, side, edge, surface, thinner, thicker, corner, point, straight, curved metal, wood, plastic circle, triangle, square, rectangle, cuboid, cube, cylinder design, make, evaluate, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function	Thomas Telford

KS1 – Cycle A Term 4 mechanical systems: Sliders and Levers (Greetings card)

Key Question: What is the purpose of my product and how will it move?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Early experiences of working with paper and	Know how a slider moves.	Plan by suggesting what to do next. Select
card to make simple flaps and hinges.	Know how a lever moves. Know which part of	and use tools suitable for the task, explaining
Experience of simple cutting, shaping and	the mechanism is the pivot. Know how to use	their choices, to cut, shape and join paper
joining skills using scissors, glue, paper	tools safely and correctly. Know to assemble,	and card. Use simple finishing techniques
fasteners and masking tape.	join, and combine components to replicate	suitable for the product they are creating.
	the slider and lever mechanisms.	
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Explore and use sliders and levers.	slider, lever, pivot, slot, bridge/guide card,	
Understand that different mechanisms	masking tape, paper fastener, join pull, push,	
produce different types of movement.	up, down, straight, curve, forwards,	
Know and use technical vocabulary relevant	backwards design, make, evaluate, user,	
to the project.	purpose, ideas, design criteria, product,	
	function	

KS1 – Cycle A Term 6 Cooking and Nutrition – Preparing fruit and vegetables

Key Question: How do I prepare fruit and vegetables?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Know common fruit and vegetables	Know different food processes create	Use simple utensils and equipment to e.g.,
To use senses to select fruit and vegetables	different effects	peel, cut, slice, squeeze, grate and chop
(appearance taste and smell.)	Know why it is good to eat fruit and	safely.
How to cut soft fruit and vegetables using	vegetables	Select from a range of fruit and vegetables
appropriate utensils.		according to their characteristics e.g., colour,
		texture and taste to create a chosen product
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand where a range of fruit and	fruit and vegetable names, names of	
vegetables come from e.g., farmed or grown	equipment and utensils sensory vocabulary	
at home.	e.g., soft, juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky,	
Understand and use basic principles of a	smooth, sharp, crisp, sour, hard flesh, skin,	
healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes,	seed, pip, core, slicing, peeling, cutting,	
including how fruit and vegetables are part of	squeezing, healthy diet, choosing,	
The Eatwell plate.	ingredients, planning, investigating tasting,	
Know and use technical and sensory	arranging, popular, design, evaluate, criteria	
vocabulary relevant to the project.		

LKS2 – Cycle A Term 2 Shell Structures/ Shell structures using CAD

Key Question: Which shape will be the best for my structure?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Know how to use different joining, cutting, and finishing techniques with paper and card. Have a basic understanding of 2-D and 3-D shapes in mathematics and the physical properties and everyday uses of materials in science.	Know how to make, construct, and join nets to create 3-D shapes. Know how to use different ways of stiffening and strengthening their shell structures e.g., folding and shaping, corrugating, ribbing, laminating.	Order the main stages of making. Use appropriate tools to measure, mark out, cut, score, shape and assemble with some accuracy. Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities. Use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. Practise using computer-aided design (CAD) software to design the net, text and graphics for their products according to purposes.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Develop and use knowledge of how to construct strong, stiff shell structures. Develop and use knowledge of nets of cubes and cuboids and, where appropriate, more complex 3D shapes. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	shell structure, three-dimensional (3-D) shape, net, cube, cuboid, prism, vertex, edge, face, length, width, breadth, capacity marking out, scoring, shaping, tabs, adhesives, joining, assemble, accuracy, material, stiff, strong, reduce, reuse, recycle, corrugating, ribbing, laminating font, lettering, text, graphics, decision, evaluating, design brief design criteria, innovative, prototype	John Utzon Ron Arad

LKS2 – Cycle A Term 4 - Electrical systems Focus Simple programming and control - Nightlight

Key Question: How will I control my night light so that it turns on and off when I want it to?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Constructed a simple series electrical circuit,	Know which of the components in the circuit	Order the main stages of making. Select from
using bulbs, batteries, switches, and buzzers.	are input devices e.g., switches, and which	and use tools and equipment to cut, shape,
Cut and joined a variety of construction	are output devices e.g., bulbs, motors and	join and finish with some accuracy. Connect
materials, such as wood, card, plastic,	buzzers. Know how to find a fault in a simple	simple electrical components and a battery in
reclaimed materials, and glue.	circuit and correct it. Know how to use a	a series circuit to achieve a functional
	simple computer control program using an	outcome. Program a standalone control box,
	interface box, microcontroller, or standalone	microcontroller, or interface box to enhance
	control box to control output devices, e.g.,	the way the product works.
	bulbs and buzzers, using a repeating	
	sequence of instructions. Know how to make	
	a variety of switches by using simple	
	classroom materials e.g., card, corrugated	
	plastic, aluminum foil, paper fasteners and	
	paper clips. Make switches that operate in	
	different ways e.g., when you press them,	
	when you turn them, when you push them	
	from side to side. Know to avoid making short circuits.	
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand and use computing to program	series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch,	ncy i copic
and control products containing electrical	push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch,	
systems, such as series circuits incorporating	battery, battery holder, light emitting diode	
switches, bulbs and buzzers.	(LED), bulb, bulb holder, USB cable, wire,	
Know and use technical vocabulary relevant	insulator, conductor, crocodile clip control,	
to the project	program, system, input device, output	
	device, process user, purpose, function,	
	prototype, design criteria, innovative,	
	appealing, design brief	

LKS2 – Cycle A Term 6 Cooking and Nutrition – healthy and varied diet – Blueberry muffin and fruit tart

Key Question: What kind of food product can I make that is part of a healthy varied diet? What ingredients could it contain?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Know some ways to prepare ingredients safely and hygienically. Have some basic knowledge and understanding about healthy eating and The Eatwell plate. Have used some equipment and utensils and prepared and combined ingredients to make a product.	Know to select and use a range of utensils and use a range of techniques as appropriate to prepare ingredients hygienically including the bridge and claw technique, grating, peeling, chopping, slicing, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking. Know basic food hygiene practices when handling food including the importance of following instructions to control risk.	To consider the main stages in making the food product, before preparing/cooking the product including the ingredients and utensils they will need. Evaluate as the assignment proceeds and the final product against the intended purpose and user, reflecting on the design criteria previously agreed. Consider what others think of the product when considering how the work might be improved
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food. Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared or caught. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately.	name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet planning, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, sensory evaluation	

UKS2 – Cycle A Term 2 - Frame structures

Key Question: How can frameworks be reinforced and strengthened?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Experience of using measuring, marking out, cutting, joining, shaping and finishing techniques with construction materials. Basic understanding of what structures are and how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable	Know how to build 2-D frameworks and compare the strength of square frameworks with triangular frameworks. Know how to reinforce square frameworks using diagonals to help develop an understanding of using triangulation to add strength to a structure.	Formulate a clear plan, including a step-by- step list of what needs to be done and lists of resources to be used. Competently select from and use appropriate tools to accurately measure, mark out, cut, shape and join construction materials to make frameworks. Use finishing and decorative techniques suitable for the product they are designing and making. Use technologies for research purposes.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce 3-D frameworks. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	frame structure, stiffen, strengthen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, shape, join, temporary, permanent design brief, design specification, prototype, annotated sketch, purpose, user, innovation, research, functional	Gustave Eiffel – designer of the Eiffel Tower; Thomas Farnolls Pritchard – designer of the Iron Bridge. Renzo Piano – designer of the Shard

UKS2 – Cycle A Term 4 Textiles – Combing different fabric shapes – CAD to make pattern

Key Question: What features do I need to include in a functional, innovative and authentic product?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Experience of basic stitching, joining textiles	Know how to thread needles and join textiles	Produce detailed lists of equipment and
and finishing techniques.	using a range of stitches, Use of sewing	fabrics relevant to their tasks. Formulate
Experience of making and using simple	machines to join fabric. Know how to sew	step-by-step plans and, if appropriate,
pattern pieces.	and shape curved edges. 2-D paper pattern	allocate tasks within a team. Select from and
	making. Know how to use computer-aided	use a range of tools and equipment to make
	design (CAD) by using on-line pattern making	products that are accurately assembled and
	software to generate pattern pieces.	well finished. Work within the constraints of
	Investigate using art packages on the	time, resources and cost
	computer to design prints that can be applied	
	to textiles.	
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
A 3-D textile product can be made from a	seam, seam allowance, wadding, reinforce,	
combination of accurately made pattern	right side, wrong side, hem, template,	
pieces, fabric shapes and different fabrics.	pattern pieces name of textiles and	
Fabrics can be strengthened, stiffened, and	fastenings used, pins, needles, thread,	
reinforced where appropriate.	pinking shears, fastenings, iron transfer paper	
	design criteria, annotate, design decisions,	
	functionality, innovation, authentic, user,	
	purpose, evaluate, mock-up, prototype	

UKS2 – Cycle A Term 6 Cooking and Nutrition – Celebrating culture and seasonality (Soup)

Key Question: How can I make a snack appealing for the range of users using seasonal ingredients?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Have knowledge and understanding about food hygiene, nutrition, healthy eating and a varied diet. Be able to use appropriate equipment and utensils, and apply a range of techniques for measuring out, preparing and combining ingredients	Know how to measure out, cut, shape and combine and mix ingredients. Know how to use appropriate utensils and equipment safely and hygienically. Know which ingredients could be changed or added in a basic recipe. Know how to make different shapes to change the appearance of the food product Know the benefits/difficulties of selecting seasonal, organic and/or locally sourced ingredients.	Write a step-by-step recipe, including a list of ingredients, equipment and utensils. Select and use appropriate utensils and equipment accurately to measure and combine appropriate ingredients. Make, decorate and present the food product appropriately for the intended user and purpose
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Know how to use utensils and equipment including heat sources to prepare and cook food. Understand about seasonality in relation to food products and the source of different food products. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary.	ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy, intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble design specification, innovative, research, evaluate, design brief	key chefs who have influenced eating habits to promote varied and healthy diets.

KS1 – Cycle B Term 2 - Mechanical systems – Wheels and Axels – moving vehicle

Key Question: Who am I making the trolley for, and which way moves best?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Assembled vehicles with moving wheels using construction kits. Explore moving vehicles through play. Gained some experience of designing, making and evaluating products for a specified user and purpose. Developed some cutting, joining and finishing skills with card.	Know how to make a product that moves. Know wheels and axles may be assembled as either fixed axles or free axles. Know different ways of making axle holders. Know how to mark out, hold, cut and join materials and components correctly. Know how to assemble some examples of wheel, axle, axle holder combinations.	Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as cutting and joining to allow movement and finishing. Select from and use a range of materials and components such as paper, card, plastic and wood according to their characteristics
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Explore and use wheels, axles and axle holders. Distinguish between fixed and freely moving axles. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	vehicle, wheel, axle, axle holder, chassis, body, cab assembling, cutting, joining, shaping, finishing, fixed, free, moving, mechanism names of tools, equipment and materials used design, make, evaluate, purpose, user, criteria, functional	

KS1 – Cycle B Term 4 – Textiles – Templates and joining - Puppets

Key Question: What sort of puppet shall I make? Who is it for and what is it for?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Explored and used different fabrics. Cut and joined fabrics with simple techniques. Thought about the user and purpose of products	Know to investigate fabrics to determine which is best for the purpose of the product they are creating. Know how to use a template or simple paper pattern. Know how to use appropriate tools to mark out, tape or pin the fabric to the templates or paper patterns and cut out the relevant fabric pieces for the product. Know how to join fabrics and the different joining techniques. Know some finishing techniques e.g. sewing buttons, 3-D fabric paint, gluing sequins, printing.	Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as marking out, cutting, joining and finishing. Select from and use textiles according to their characteristics.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand how simple 3-D textile products are made, using a template to create two identical shapes. Understand how to join fabrics using different techniques e.g. running stitch, glue, over stitch, stapling. Explore different finishing techniques e.g. using painting, fabric crayons, stitching, sequins, buttons and ribbons. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	names of existing products, joining and finishing techniques, tools, fabrics and components template, pattern pieces, mark out, join, decorate, finish features, suitable, quality mock-up, design brief, design criteria, make, evaluate, user, purpose, function	

KS1 – Cycle B Term 6 – Cooking and Nutrition – Father's Day Picnic

Key Question: What healthy foods can I include in a picnic?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Basic principles of a healthy and varied diet	Know to identify and chose healthy nutritious	Use simple utensils and equipment to e.g.,
to prepare dishes, including fruit and vegetables	food, know how to use tools to prepare food safely	peel, cut, slice, squeeze, grate and chop safely.
		Select from a range of fruit and vegetables
		according to their characteristics e.g., colour,
		texture and taste to create a chosen product
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
To select food that is healthy and nutritious	fruit and vegetable names, names of	
and how to prepare it for a picnic.	equipment and utensils sensory vocabulary	
	e.g., soft, juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky,	
	smooth, sharp, crisp, sour, hard flesh, skin,	
	seed, pip, core, slicing, peeling, cutting,	
	squeezing, healthy diet, choosing,	
	ingredients, planning, investigating tasting,	
	arranging, popular, design, evaluate, criteria	

LKS2 – Cycle B Term 2 - Mechanical system – Sliders, levers linkages – Greeting's card

Key Question: Which lever and linkage mechanism will work best for my greetings card?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
How to use mechanisms such as flaps,	Know which card strip is the lever	Order the main stages of making.
sliders and levers.	Know which card strip is acting as the linkage	Select from and use appropriate tools with
Know how basic cutting, joining and	Know which part of the system is the input	some accuracy to cut, shape and join paper
finishing techniques with paper and card.	and which part the output	and card.
	Which are the fixed pivots, and which are the	Select from and use finishing techniques
	loose pivots	suitable for the product they are creating.
	Know how to accurately measure, mark out,	
	cut, join, and use finishing skills and	
	techniques.	
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand and use lever and linkage	mechanism, lever, linkage, pivot, slot, bridge,	
mechanisms.	guide system, input, process, output linear,	
Distinguish between fixed and loose pivots. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant	rotary, oscillating, reciprocating user,	
to the project.	purpose, function prototype, design criteria,	
	innovative, appealing, design brief	

LKS2 – Cycle A Term 4 Textiles – 2D shape to 3S project

Key Question: Which joining techniques would be the best for the fabric and pattern?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Know how to join fabric in simple ways by gluing and stitching. Know how to use simple patterns and templates for marking out. Have evaluated a range of textile products.	Know a range of stitching techniques Know how to create a paper pattern using 2-D shapes. Know which joining technique makes the strongest seam and why Know which joining techniques are suitable for the fabric and purpose Know how you can stiffen your fabric	Create a set of design criteria. Plan the main stages of making e.g., using a flowchart or storyboard. Produce mock-ups and prototypes of their chosen product Evaluate as the process is undertaken and the final product in relation to the design brief and criteria. Demonstrate a range of stitching techniques
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Know how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce existing fabrics. Understand how to securely join two pieces of fabric together. Understand the need for patterns and seam allowances. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, compartment, zip, button, structure, finishing technique, strength, weakness, stiffening, templates, stitch, seam, seam allowance user, purpose, design, model, evaluate, prototype, annotated sketch, functional, innovative, investigate, label, drawing, aesthetics, function, pattern pieces	

LKS2 – Cycle B – Term 6 - Cooking and Nutrition – Vegetable muffins

Key Question: Which seasonal vegetable shall I put in my muffin?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Understand where a range of fruit and	Gather information about existing products	Plan the main stages of a recipe, listing
vegetables come from e.g., farmed or grown	available relating to the product. Visit a local	ingredients, utensils, and equipment. Select
at home.	supermarket and/or use the internet. Find	and use appropriate utensils and equipment
Understand and use basic principles of a	out how a variety of ingredients used in	to prepare and combine ingredients. Select
healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes,	products are grown and harvested, reared,	from a range of ingredients to make
including how fruit and vegetables are part of	caught and processed e.g. Where and when	appropriate food products, thinking about
The Eatwell plate.	are the ingredients grown? Where do	sensory characteristics.
Know and use technical and sensory	different meats/fish/cheese/eggs come	
vocabulary relevant to the project.	from? How and why are they processed?	
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
To consider who am I making the food	knives, chopping board, weighing scales,	
product for. Know how I can make it	measuring jugs, bowls, baking trays, spoons –	
appealing for the range of users	various sizes, parchment paper, plastic film	

UKS2 - Cycle B Term 2 –Electrical systems Focus Monitoring and control (Applying computing) Alarm

Key Question: How will computer control improve my Alarm?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Measuring, marking out, cutting and joining	Know different input and output devices.	Formulate a step-by-step plan to guide
skills with construction materials	Know how to use wire strippers, twist and	making, listing tools, equipment, materials
Some experience of writing and modifying a	tape connections, screw connections,	and components. Competently select and
program to make a light turn on or flash on	crocodile clips and connecting blocks.	accurately assemble materials, and securely
and off. Understanding of the essential	Explore a range of electrical systems that	connect electrical components to produce a
characteristics of a series circuit and	could be used to control their products.	reliable, functional product. Create and
experience of creating	Write and modify computer control programs	modify a computer control program to
Initial experience of using computer control	that include inputs, outputs and decision	enable their electrical product to respond to
software and an interface box, a standalone	making. Test out the programs using	changes in the environment.
box or microcontroller, e.g. Crumble.	electrical components connected to	
	microcontrollers, interface boxes or	
	standalone boxes.	
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand and use electrical systems in	reed switch, toggle switch, push-to-make	
their products. Understand the use of	switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent	
computer control systems in products.	resistor (LDR), tilt switch light emitting diode	
Apply their understanding of computing to	(LED), bulb, bulb holder, battery, battery	
program, monitor and control their products.	holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor,	
Know and use technical vocabulary relevant	crocodile clip control, program, system, input	
to the project.	device, output device, series circuit, parallel	
	circuit function, innovative, design	
	specification, design brief, user, purpose	

UKS2 - Cycle B Term 4 – Mechanical systems: slides, levers linkages, gears, pulleys, cams, wheels, and axels - Carousel

Key Question: What type of toy vehicle shall I make, what will be its purpose and who will use it?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Experience of axles, axle holders and wheels that are fixed or free moving. Basic understanding of electrical circuits, simple switches, and components. Experience of cutting and joining techniques with a range of materials including card, plastic, and wood. An understanding of how to strengthen and stiffen structures	Investigate combinations of two different sized pulleys to learn about direction and speed of rotation. Know how to reverse the direction of rotation? AND/OR using a construction kit, explore combinations of two different size gears meshed together then know how to decide the gear ratios. Know how to build a working circuit that incorporates a battery, a motor and a handmade switch. Know how to accurately use tools and equipment. Know how to draw a pictorial representation of the circuit or draw a circuit diagram using correct symbols.	Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials. Formulate step-by-step plans and, if appropriate, allocate tasks within a team. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to make products that that are accurately assembled and well finished. Work within the constraints of time, resources and cost
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and an output. Understand how gears and pulleys can be used to speed up, slow down or change the direction of movement. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	pulley, drive belt, gear, rotation, spindle, driver, follower, ratio, transmit, axle, motor circuit, switch, circuit diagram annotated drawings, exploded diagrams mechanical system, electrical system, input, process, output design decisions, functionality, innovation, authentic, user, purpose, design specification, design brie	

UKS2 - Cycle B Term 6 - Cooking and Nutrition – Pasta dishes

Key Question: Has the snack met the needs of the user and achieved its purpose?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food. Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared, or caught. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately.	Discussing and communicating ideas, researching existing products, drawing annotated sketches, generating design criteria	Learn to select and use a range of utensils and use a range of techniques as appropriate to prepare ingredients hygienically including the bridge and claw technique, grating, peeling, chopping, slicing, mixing, spreading, kneading, and baking.
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Evaluating the food product against the design criteria including the user and purpose. Recording final product through an annotated sketch.	knives, chopping board, weighing scales, measuring jugs, bowls, baking trays, spoons – various sizes, parchment paper, plastic film	

LKS2 – Cycle A Term 4 Electrical systems – Simple circuits and switches

Key Question: How might different types of switches be useful in different types of products?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Know how to construct a simple series	Know how to make a variety of switches by	Order the main stages of making.
electrical circuit in science, using bulbs,	using simple classroom materials e.g., card,	Select from and use tools and equipment to
switches and buzzers.	corrugated plastic, aluminum foil, paper	cut, shape, join and finish with some
Know how to cut and join a variety of	fasteners and paper clips.	accuracy.
construction materials, such as wood, card,	Know how to make switches that operate in	Select from and use materials and
plastic, reclaimed materials and glue.	different ways e.g., when you press them,	components, including construction materials
	when you turn them, when you push them	and electrical components according to their
	from side to side.	functional properties and aesthetic qualities
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand and use electrical systems in	series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch,	
their products, such as series circuits	push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch,	
incorporating switches, bulbs and buzzers.	battery, battery holder, bulb, bulb holder,	
Apply their understanding of computing to	wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip	
program and control their products.	control, program, system, input device,	
Know and use technical vocabulary relevant	output device user, purpose, function,	
to the project.	prototype, design criteria, innovative,	
	appealing, design brief	

UKS2 – Cycle A Term 4 Electrical Systems – more complex switches

Key Question: Which switches, or sensors should I use and how can computer control improve my alarm system?		
What I should already know	Key Knowledge	Key skills
Understanding of the essential characteristics of a series circuit and experience of creating a batterypowered, functional, electrical product. Initial experience of using computer control software and an interface box or a standalone box, e.g., writing and modifying a program to make a light flash on and off.	Know the methods for making secure electrical connections. Know how to explore a range of electrical systems for controlling products. Write computer control programs that include inputs, outputs and decision making. Know how to test out programs using electrical components connected to interface boxes or standalone boxes.	Formulate a step-by-step plan to guide making, listing tools, equipment, materials and components. Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional product. Create and modify a computer control program to enable an electrical product to work automatically in response to changes in the environment
End goal	Key Vocabulary	Key People
Understand and use electrical systems in their products. Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	series circuit, parallel circuit, names of switches and components, input device, output device, system, monitor, control, program, flowchart function, innovative, design specification, design brief, user, purpose	Thomas Edison – light bulb.