Shoreham Village School

National Curriculum – Physical Education

EY – Physical Development

Physical Development Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives7. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Key stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities
- participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

Key stage 2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

Pupils should be taught to:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination
- play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns
- take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Swimming and water safety

All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to:

- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres
- use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.

PE PROVISION OVERVIEW:

	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6
RECEPTION	BEAM TEAM GAMES DANCE	GAMES GYMNASTICS - Travelling	GAMES DANCE	GYM / APPARATUS - stretching and curling	BALL SKILLS GAMES	ATHLETICS BALL SKILLS
	DAINCE	Travening		GAMES		
PALMER:	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	ATHLETICS
YEAR 1/ YEAR 2	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	SWIMMING	SWIMMING
MOORE:	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	ATHLETICS
YEAR 3 / YEAR 4	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	SWIMMING	SWIMMING
					OAA	OAA
CAMERON	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	GAMES	ATHLETICS
YEAR 5/ YEAR 6	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	SWIMMING	SWIMMING
					OAA	OAA

PE Lesson focus and events timetable – 2022-2023

	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6
PALMER:	GAMES: Invasion	GAMES:	GAMES	GAMES: Racket	GAMES:	Swimming
YEAR 1/ YEAR 2 ROTATION A	Games DANCE	Multi-skills GYMNASTICS	Fundamentals: Football DANCE	Games GYMNASTICS	Rounders / cricket theme	ATHLETICS
PALMER: YEAR 1/ YEAR 2 ROTATION A	GAMES: BALL SKILLS DANCE	GAMES: Multi-skills GYMNASTICS	GAMES Fundamentals – Football DANCE	GAMES: Racket games GYMNASTICS	Swimming GAMES: CRICKET	Swimming ATHLETICS
PALMER EVENTS 2022-2023			Speed stacking Key steps Gym	Infant Agility	Infant Games	Rapid Fire Cricket Sports Day
MOORE: YEAR 3 / YEAR 4 ROTATION A	GAMES: Fundamentals – football DANCE	GAMES: BALL SKILLS – BASKETBALL /NETBALL GYMNASTICS	GAMES: HOCKEY DANCE	GAMES: TENNIS GYMNASTICS	Swimming GAMES: CRICKET OAA	Swimming ATHLETICS OAA
MOORE: YEAR 3 / YEAR 4 ROTATION B	GAMES: TAG RUGBY DANCE	GAMES: BALL SKILLS – BASKETBALL /NETBALL GYMNASTICS	GAMES: HOCKEY DANCE	GAMES: TENNIS GYMNASTICS	Swimming GAMES: CRICKET OAA	Swimming ATHLETICS OAA
MOORE EVENTS 2022-2023	Aqua-Splash Change 4 Life	Alternative Sports	Speed stacking Key steps Gym	Netball / Football Festival Year 3/4 Swimming Gala Schools Chance to Dance	Hockey – Year 3/4 Tennis – Year 3/4 Kwik Cricket – Year 3/4 Love to Dance	District Sports Sports Day Tri-golf Athletics Chance to Dance Cross-country
CAMERON YEAR 5/ YEAR 6 ROTATION A	GAMES: TAG RUGBY DANCE	GAMES: BALL SKILLS – BASKETBALL /NETBALL GYMNASTICS	GAMES: HOCKEY DANCE	GAMES: TENNIS GYMNASTICS	Swimming GAMES: CRICKET OAA	Swimming ATHLETICS OAA
CAMERON YEAR 5/ YEAR 6 ROTATION B	GAMES: TAG RUGBY DANCE	GAMES: BALL SKILLS – BASKETBALL /NETBALL GYMNASTICS	GAMES: HOCKEY DANCE	GAMES: TENNIS GYMNASTICS	Swimming GAMES: CRICKET OAA	Swimming ATHLETICS OAA

Basketball Cross-country		CAMERON EVENTS 2022-2023	Triathlon Tag Rugby Festival Triathlon Sports Leader Training. Netball coaching	Girls Football Handball Alternative Sports	Speed stacking Key steps Gym Dare to Believe – Paralympic Sports.	Netball / Football tournament Schools Chance to Dance WaterPolo	Hockey – Year 5/6 Tennis – Year 5/6 Girls Cricket Festival Love to Dance	
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DANCE AND GYMNASTICS – ROTATION A AND B – VAL SABINS SCHEME OF WORK

	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
PALMER	DANCE	GYMNASTICS – FLIGHT –	DANCE	GYMNASTICS – PATHWAYS,
YEAR 1/2		BOUNCING, JUMPING AND		STRAIGHT, ZIG-ZAG AND
		LANDING		CURVING
ROTATION A		(Year 1 – Unit D)		(Year 2 – Unit I)
PALMER	DANCE	GYMNASTICS – ROCKING	DANCE	GYMNASTICS – TURNING,
YEAR 1/2		AND ROLLING		SPINNING, TWISTING
		(Year 1 – unit F)		(Year 2 – Unit J)
ROTATION B				
MOORE	DANCE – WHO AM I /	GYMNASTICS –	DANCE – THESE SHOES ARE	GYMNASTICS – BALANCE
YEAR 3/4	LANGUAGE OF DANCE	STRETCHING, CURLING	MADE FOR WALKING	LEADING INTO CHANGE OF
	(Year 3 – Unit 1)	AND ARCHING	(Year 4 – Unit 1)	FRONT OR DIRECTION
ROTATION A	-improvise freely	(Year 3 – Unit L)	-respond to a range of stimuli	(Year 4 – Unit R)
	-develop different ways of	-travel and jump fluently and hold	-respond imaginatively to character and	-move into and from specific planned
	travelling	balanced positions demonstrating	narrative	balances with an awareness of change
	-perform basic actions and	a variety of stretched and curled	- use simple motifs and movement	of front
	dances clearly and fluently	shapes.	patterns to structure dance phrases	- identify and use planned variations
	-work with a partner	-receive and transfer body weight	-repeat and remember dance phrases	in direction
	-observe themselves and others	safely in different situations and	-structure a dance with a partner	-create a sequence with a partner on
	dancing	create a sequence with a partner	-describe and interpret dance using	floor and apparatus to show changes
		-identify how the overall	appropriate language.	of front and direction
		performance of a sequence can be		-observe and describe the movements
		improved		of others using appropriate language
		-adapt and transfer skills safely		
		onto more complex apparatus at		
		every stage of learning		

MOORE	DANCE – THE ROMANS	GYMNASTICS – SYMMETRY	DANCE – ENGLISH COUNTRY	GYMNASTICS - ROLLING
YEAR 3/4	(based on Year 3 – Unit 2)	AND ASYMMETRY	DANCES	(Year 4 – Unit S)
	-perform basic dance actions	(Year 3 – Unit M)	(Year 3/4 Country Dance Unit)	-rotate and roll on different body
ROTATION B	with greater control and fluency	-understand and identify	-use simple movement patterns with a	parts
	-copy and perform set steps	symmetry and asymmetry	partner or in a group	-rotate and roll in different directions
	-perform with a sense of	-move and balance showing	-perform basic actions and dances clearly	showing different shapes, sizes and
	phrasing, rhythmically and	specific planned shapes and	and fluently	speeds.
	musically	variations in speed and level	-copy, refine and repeat dance phrases	-create a sequence with a partner on
	-select and apply appropriate	- individually and in two's be able	and dances	floor and apparatus using a variety of
	movements for the dance idea	to analyse and say why they like a	-observe themselves and others dancing	linking movements
	-evaluate their own and others'	sequence	- recognise that dance is a good activity	-observe the work of others and make
	performances	-adapt and transfer learned skills	for health and well-being	judgements against given criteria
	-create and structure a whole	onto appropriate apparatus		
	dance			
	-observe each other dancing			
CAMERON	DANCE – THE WORLD OF	GYMNASTICS – BRIDGES	DANCE – TUDOR – DANCES (Years	GYMNASTICS -
YEAR 5/6	SPORT / MIX AND MATCH	(Year 5 – Unit T)	3-6)	SYNCHRONISATION AND
	(Year 6 – unit 1)	-use balancing on different body	-perform set dances with control and	CANON
ROTATION A	-explore, improvise and	parts to create bridge shapes both	expression	(Year 6 – Unit Y)
	combine movement ideas	as individuals and with a partner	-understand that dances reflect their	-travel rhythmically and develop
	fluently and effectively.	-sustain concentration and	cultural and historical context	timing with a partner or small group
	-perform with clear intention	practise to improve the quality	- compose within given rhythmic and	using synchronisation and canon
	and meaning	and accuracy of their movements	spatial structures	-adapt and develop movements and
	-perform set patterns with	-work cooperatively with a	-work in smaller and larger groups to	skills and work cooperatively with a
	knowledge and understanding	partner and create a sequence	develop movements	partner or small group
	of meaning	showing planned variations in		-extend their understanding and use
	-work collaboratively in small	level, direction and shape		of levels, speeds and pathways
	and large groups	-understand the compositional		-understand the compositional
	- comment upon appropriate actions	principles of sequencing and recognise when something is		principles of sequencing and
	-value the contributions that	absent		recognise when they are absent.
	dance makes to different	absent		
	cultures			
	-prepare effectively for dancing			
CAMERON	DANCE – CITY LIFE	GYMNASTICS – FLIGHT	DANCE – FLIGHT FROM DANGER	GYMNASTICS – COUNTER
YEAR 5/6	(Year 5 - unit 3)	(Year 5 - Unit U)	(Year 6 - Unit 4)	BALANCE AND COUNTER
	-respond to a range of stimuli	-understand and demonstrate the	-explore, improvise and combine	TENSION
ROTATION B	and accompaniment	five basic jumps showing	movement ideas fluently and effectively	(Year 6 – Unit A*)
	-perform with expression to	different shapes and directions in	- perform with expression and show clear	-understand and identify counter-
	convey a variety of moods and	the air and show flight from feet	understanding of the dance	balance and counter-tension
	feelings	and hands to feet	understanding of the dance	
	icenings			

-develop movement phrases and	-sustain concentration and	- demonstrate the ability to translate	-demonstrate counter-balance and
simple motifs	practise to improve the precision	ideas into symbolic movement	counter-tension balances in two's to
-practise dance in order to	and fluency of their movement	- show confidence in including personal	show changes in shape, level and
refine quality	-design and create a sequence	responses in relation to observation	body parts used and in contact
-demonstrate competence in	using planned variations in levels,		-work in pairs to construct, practise,
actions and dynamics	directions and pathways		evaluate and improve the
-comment on work in order to	-transfer flight safely onto		composition and quality of a
improve skills and performance	apparatus		sequence.
			-adapt and transfer a sequence onto
			apparatus.

Progression throughout the school

	Dance	Gymnastics	Games Skills	Athletics	OAA	Swimming
	Dances to watch /	Famous gymnasts and	Sports men and women	Athletes and para-		Famous swimmers;
	Dancers/	videos of their	from a range of sports	athletes		opportunity to watch
	Choreographers	performances	including para sports.			some water polo and
						synchronised
						swimming.
Reception	Know how to travel,	Know how to travel	THROWING AND	Know how to use their		
	jump and turn in	over and through	CATCHING:	bodies to:		
	different ways	larger equipment in a	Know how to throw	• Sprint 30m		
	including:	number of ways:	various small equipment	• Jump for height 5-		
	-walking, running,	crawling, sliding,	eg: balls, scarves,	9cm		
	sliding, crawling,	jumping, rolling,	beanbags, quoits.	• Jump for distance 30-		
	galloping, skipping.	hopping.		59cm		
	-jumping, bouncing,		Begin to catch various	 Leap hurdles 30m 		
	hopping.	Know how to take	equipment.	within 16-12secs		
	-spinning, turning,	turns on apparatus.		• Overarm throw		
	rolling, spiralling,		Know they need to watch	• Chest push		
	turning upside down.	Know how to	the piece of equipment to	• Run for longer		
		perform a log roll on	control it.	distance		
	Know how to stop	a mat.		uistance		
	with control and to		Know how to begin to			
	hold a position of	Know how to slide	develop an underarm			
	stillness.	and walk along	throw.			
		benches.				

	Know how to develop		STRIKING AND		
	spatial awareness with	Know how to use	HITTING A BALL:		
	their bodies, being	large equipment	IIII IING A DALL:		
	able to move about a	0 1 1	Know how to hit a ball		
	space without	safely.	using hands, feet and		
		Know how to travel	•		
	bumping into others		bats.		
	and developing	around, under, over	TZ (1) 1 11 1		
	concepts such as – up,	and through	Know that a ball can be		
	down, high, low, near,	balancing and	hit hard and hit softly.		
	far, large, small.	climbing equipment.			
			TRAVELLING WITH		
	Know that different		A BALL:		
	actions can be				
	performed at different		Know how to travel		
	speeds eg: fast / slow.		forwards rolling a ball.		
	Know they can		Know how to travel with		
	express ideas,		a ball using a foot to		
	emotions and moods		move the ball.		
	through their				
	movements, including		USING SPACE:		
	mime and gesture.				
			Know how to find a		
	Know that they can		space to work in safely.		
	show their ideas and				
	work with others.		ATTACKING AND		
			DEFENDING:		
			Know how to protect		
			(defend) treasure without		
			touching others.		
			Know how to retrieve		
			(attack) treasure without		
			touching others.		
Year 1	Know how to respond	Recognise and copy	THROWING AND	Know how to use their	
	to a range of stimuli.	basic actions –	CATCHING A BALL:	bodies to:	
		travelling, rolling,	Know how to throw	 Sprint 30m within 9- 	
	Know how to perform	jumping and staying	underarm and overarm.	6seconds	
	movement phrases	still.		 Jump for height10- 	
	using a range of		Know how to catch and	14cm	
	different body parts.		bounce a ball.		

	Know how to		• Jump for distance 60	
Know how to copy	perform different	Use rolling skills in a	- 89cm	
and repeat actions and	body shapes at	•		
vary their speed.	different levels, speed	game.	• Leap hurdles 30m	
vary their speed.	and directions.	Practise accurate	within11-8 secs	
Karana hara ta muta	and directions.		• Overarm throw 10-	
Know how to put a	W	throwing and consistent	19m	
sequence of actions	Know how to hold	catching.	• Chest push3-4m	
together to create a	still shapes and	STRUCING AND	• Run for longer	
motif.	simple balances with some control.	STRIKING AND HITTING A BALL:	distance 200m within	
Varan han ta haain ta	some control.	HIIIING A BALL:	1:45-1:31	
Know how to begin to	V	V		
improvise	Know how to	Know how to use hitting		
independently to	perform a 2 footed	skills in a game.		
create a simple dance.	jump landing safely.	Variante hans to blie a ball		
V	V	Know how to hit a ball		
Know how to explore,	Know how to move	with a bat and with a foot		
remember and repeat	around, under over	using more skill and		
short dance phrases.	and through different	control.		
	objects and			
	equipment.	TRAVELLING WITH A BALL:		
	T. 1	A BALL: Know how to travel with		
	To know how to do			
	the following jumps:	a ball in different ways.		
	Straight jump, Tuck	Travel with a ball in		
	jump, Jumping Jack,			
	Half turn jump, Cat	different directions (side		
	spring.	to side, forwards and backwards) with control		
	To know how to do	and fluency.		
		and muency.		
	the following rolls in a controlled manner:	Know how to pass the		
	Log roll; Curled side	ball to another player in a		
	roll; Teddy bear roll.			
	1011, 1 Cuuy Deal 1011.	game.		
		Use kicking skills in a		
		•		
		game.		
		USING SPACE:		
		Know how to use		
		different ways of		
		unrerent ways of		

Year 2	Know how to copy,	Know how to copy	travelling in different directions or pathways. Know how to run at different speeds. Begin to know how to use space in a game. ATTACKING AND DEFENDING: Know and begin to use the terms attacking and defending. Use simple defensive skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Use simple attacking skills such as dodging to get past a defender. THROWING AND	Know how to use their	
	remember and repeat actions to create a motif. Know how to perform movement phrases using a range of different body parts with control and accuracy. Know how to explore different speeds and levels of actions. Know how to put a sequence of actions	and explore and remember actions to link a number of gymnastic actions into own sequence. Know how to hold a still shape while balancing on different points of the body. Know how to jump in a variety of ways and land safely with increasing control. Know how to perform movement	CATCHING A BALL: Know how to throw different types of equipment in different ways, for accuracy and distance. Know how to throw, catch and bounce a ball with a partner. Use throwing and catching skills in a game. Know how to throw a ball for distance.	 bodies to: Sprint 30m under 6 secs Jump for height 15- 19cm Jump for distance 60 89cm Leap hurdles 30m within 8 secs Overarm throw 10- 19m Chest push 3-4m Run for longer distance 200m under 1:30 	

	together with clear	phrases using a range	Use hand-eye		
	beginning, middle and	of different body	coordination to control a		
	end.	parts.	ball.		
	Know how to move in	Use equipment in a	Know to vary types of		
	time to music using	variety of ways to	throw used depending on		
	movements that show	create a sequence.	the situation.		
	rhythm and control.				
		Climb on and off	STRIKING AND		
		equipment safely.	HITTING A BALL:		
		To know how to do	Know how to strike or		
		the following jumps:	hit a ball with increasing		
		Straight jump, Tuck	control.		
		jump, Jumping Jack,			
		Half turn jump, Cat	Know how to strike or		
		spring, Cat spring	hit a ball using a variety		
		with straddle.	of equipment and body parts.		
		To know how to do	parts.		
		the following rolls in	Know some of the skills		
		a controlled manner:	for playing striking and		
		Log roll, Curled side	fielding games.		
		roll, Teddy bear roll,			
		Rocking for forward roll, Crouched	Know that the position of the body is important to		
		forward roll.	strike a ball accurately.		
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
			TRAVELLING WITH		
			A BALL:		
			Know how to bounce		
			and kick a ball whilst moving.		
			Use kicking skills in a		
			game.		
			Lies deibhline shille is s		
			Use dribbling skills in a game.		
			game.		
L	1	1	1		

			Know how to pass the ball in different ways. USING SPACE: Know how to use different ways of travelling at different			
			speeds and following different pathways, directions or courses.			
			Know to change speed and direction whilst running in a game.			
			Begin to know to choose and use the best space in a game. ATTACKING AND			
			DEFENDING: Know and begin to use and understand the terms attacking and defending.			
			Use at least one technique to attack or defend to play a game successfully.			
Year 3	Know how to create motifs in response to different stimuli. Know how to begin to improvise and work cooperatively with a	Know how to copy, explore and remember a variety of movements. Know how to work	THROWING AND CATCHING A BALL: Know how to throw and catch with greater control and accuracy.	Know how to run at fast, medium and slow speeds, changing speed and direction. Know how to make up	Know how to orientate themselves with increasing confidence and accurately around a short trail.	Know how to swim 10m unaided in shallow water using one basic method. Know to kick legs from
	partner to create a simple dance. Know how to begin to compare and adapt movements and motifs	independently and with others to create a sequence using own ideas.	Know that they need to practise the correct technique for catching a ball and use it in a game.	and repeat a short sequence of linked jumps. Know how to take part in a relay activity,	Know how to identify and use effective communication to begin to work as a team.	the hip and identify when this needs improvements.

to create a larger sequence. Know how to use	Know how to travel in a variety of ways and begin to develop good technique when	Know how to perform a range of catching and gathering skills with control.	remembering when to run and what to do. Know how to throw a	To begin to know which equipment to choose that is appropriate for an activity.	Know how to put face in water and blow bubbles. Know how to enter and
simple dance vocabulary to compare and improve work. Know how to perform with some awareness	travelling, balancing. Know how to describe own work using simple gymnastics vocabulary.	Know how to catch with increasing control and accuracy. Know how to throw a ball in different ways	variety of objects, changing my action depending on the object. Know how to use their bodies to:	activity.	know how to enter and exit water safely and remain safe around water. Know and explain what dangers to identify
of rhythm and expression.	Know how to begin to notice similarities and differences between sequences. Use turns whilst travelling in a variety of ways.	 (e.g. high, low, fast or slow). Know how to develop a safe and effective overarm bowl. STRIKING AND HITTING A BALL: 	 Sprint 50m within 17-14secs develop to 13-10secs Jump for height 20- 24cm Jump for distance90 - 119cm Leap hurdles 60m within 25–18 secs 		around water
	Begin to show flexibility in movements. To know how to do the following jumps: Straight jump, Tuck jump, Jumping jack,	Know successful hitting and striking skills. Know and develop a range of skills in striking (and fielding where appropriate).	 develop to 17-14 secs Overarm throw 20-29m Chest push 34-6m Run for longer distance 400m 3:30- 2:31 develop to 2:30- 2:01 		
	Star jump, Straddle jump, Pike jump, Straight jump, half- turn, Cat leap. To know how to do the following rolls in	Know and practise the correct batting technique and use it in a game. Know how to strike the ball for distance			
	a controlled manner: Crouched forward roll, Forward roll from standing,	TRAVELLING WITH A BALL: Know how to move with the ball in a variety of ways with some control.			

		Tuelead be alread				
		Tucked backward roll.	Use two different ways of moving with a ball in a game.			
			Know how to pass the ball in two different ways in a game situation with some success.			
			USING SPACE: Know to find a useful space and get into it to support teammates.			
			ATTACKING AND DEFENDING: Know and use simple attacking and defending skills in a game.			
			Use fielding skills to stop a ball from travelling past them.			
			POSSESSION: Know how to keep and win back possession of the ball in a team game.			
Year 4	Know how to create characters and narratives in response to arrange of stimuli.	Know how to link skills with control, technique, coordination and fluency using a range	THROWING AND CATCHING A BALL: Know how to develop different ways of throwing and catching.	Know how to sprint over a short distance. Know how to throw in different ways and	Know how to orientate themselves with accuracy around a short trail. Know how to create a	Know how to swim between 10m and 20m unaided in shallow water, using one basic method to achieve the
	Know how to Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a	of directions and levels. Know how to begin	Know how to bounce pass a ball with hands on the ball correctly.	correct ways depending on the object being thrown.	short trail for others with a challenge. Know how to	distance. Know how to use floats to swim longer
	chosen dance style.	to use gymnastics vocabulary to describe how to	Know how to do and when to do a one arm or two arm over-head throw	Know how to try to hit a target.	communicate clearly with other people in a team.	distances with a more controlled leg kick.

reflects the chosen dance style, demonstrating an awareness of the music's rhythm.Know how to develop strength, technique and flexibility throughout performances.Know how to dribble a ball and transition in to a pass.Know how to confidently improvise with a partner or on their own to compose longer dance sequences.Know how to recognise how the position of their centre of gravity affects their balance.Know how to drifterent size and weights of balls need different catching techniques.Know how to demonstrate rhythm and spatial awareness.Know how to perform movements in canon and unison. Know how to create more complex sequences using various body shapes and equipment.Know how to do the following jumps?Know how to do their centre of gravity affects their balance.Know how to use simple dance vocabulary when comparing and improving work.To know how to do the following jump.Know how to build a rally with a partner.To know how to do the following rolls in a controlled manner: Forward roll from standing, Straddle forward roll fromRaVELLING WITH A BALL:To know how to de he following rolls in a controlled manner: Forward roll from standing, Straddle forward roll, TuckedRaVELLING WITH the balu sing a range of techniques – bouncing; dribbling 3-steps and	 Know how to combine running and jumping. Know how to run over a long distance. Know how to use their bodies to: Sprint 50m within 13-10secs develop to under 10secs Jump for height 25-29cm Jump for distance120-149cm Leap hurdles 60m within 17-14 secs develop to under 14secs Overarm throw 20-29m develop to 30-34m Chest push 4-6m develop to 6-8m Run for longer distance 400m 2:30-2:01 develop to under 2mins 	experience a range of roles within a team and identify the key skills required to succeed at each. Know how to create a simple plan of activity for others to follow and choose the appropriate equipment	 confidently. Know how to put face under the water and blow bubbles (begin to do this whilst swimming). Explore how to move in and under water. Recognise how swimming affects breathing. Identify and describe differences between different leg and arm actions. Understand water can be dangerous and repeat what to do when in difficulty.
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		backward roll,	pass - showing control			
		Backward roll to	and fluency.			
		straddle.	, j			
			Know how to pass the			
			ball while travelling			
			with increasing speed,			
			accuracy and success			
			in a game situation.			
			USING SPACE:			
			Know to make the best			
			use of space to pass and			
			receive the ball.			
			ATTACKING AND			
			DEFENDING:			
			Know and use a range of			
			attacking and defending skills and techniques in a			
			game.			
			guine.			
			Know and use fielding			
			skills as an individual to			
			prevent a player from			
			scoring			
			DOGGEGGION			
			POSSESSION:			
			Know how to			
			occasionally contribute towards helping their			
			team to keep and win			
			back possession of the			
			ball in a team game.			
Year 5	Know how to	Know how to select	THROWING AND	Know what can help	Know how to start to	Know how to swim
	demonstrate	ideas to compose	CATCHING A BALL:	improve the pace of	orientate themselves	between 10m and 20m
	imagination and	specific sequences of	Consolidate knowledge	running – arm action	with increasing	unaided in shallow
	creativity in the	movements, shapes	of different ways of	and focus.	accuracy around a large	water, using one stroke.
	movements they	and balances.	throwing and catching,		trail.	
	devise in response to		and know when each is	Know it is necessary to		Begin to swim 10m-
	stimuli.	Know how to identify	appropriate in a game.	be controlled when	Know they need to use	15m unaided using a
		and practise			clear communication to	second stroke.

		Backward roll to	techniques in a game			
		straddle.	situation.			
		strauure.	situation.			
			USING SPACE:			
			Know and demonstrate			
			an increasing awareness			
			of space.			
			or space.			
			ATTACKING AND			
			DEFENDING:			
			Know and choose the			
			best tactics for attacking			
			and defending.			
			_			
			Know how to shoot in a			
			game.			
			Know and use fielding			
			skills as a team to			
			prevent the opposition			
			from scoring.			
			POSSESSION:			
			Know how to keep and			
			win back possession of			
			the ball effectively in a			
			team game.			
Year 6	Know how to	Know how to create	THROWING AND	Know how to	Know how to orientate	Know how to swim
	demonstrate strong	their own complex	CATCHING A BALL:	demonstrate stamina.	themselves with	25m unaided in water
	and controlled	sequences involving	Know how to throw and		increasing accuracy	using one basic method
	movements	the full range of	catch accurately and	Know how to use my	around a large trail	to achieve this
	throughout a dance	actions and	successfully under	skills in different	whilst under pressure	distance.
	sequence.	movements:	pressure in a game.	situations.	i.	
		balancing, traveling,			Know how to use clear	Know how to use two
	Know how to	holding shapes,	STRIKING AND	Know how to develop	communication to	different strokes
	combine flexibility,	jumping, leaping,	HITTING A BALL:	the consistency of their	effectively complete a	swimming on both
	techniques and	swinging and		actions in a number of	particular role in a	front and back.
	movements to create a	stretching.	Know how to hit a	events.	team.	
	fluent sequence.	Know how to	bowled ball over longer			Know how to control
		demonstrate precise	distances.	Know how to sustain	Know how to complete	breathing.
		and controlled		pace over longer	orienteering activities	

Know how	to move placement of body	Use good hand-eye	distances, e.g. sprint	as part of a team and	Swim confidently and
appropriate	1 2	coordination to be able to	for seven seconds, run	independently,	fluently both on the
					surface and under the
the required relation to t		direct a ball when	for one or two minutes.	identifying the quickest	
		striking or hitting.		route.	water.
stimulus, e.			Know how to throw	IZ 1	F 1 · 1 / · ·
various leve		Know how to serve in	with greater control,	Know how to manage	Explain how to remain
of travelling	1	order to start a game.	accuracy and	an orienteering event	safe in water and what
motifs.	sequences.		efficiency.	for others to compete	do if you or someone
17 1		TRAVELLING WITH		in.	nearby gets into
Know how	11 2	A BALL:	Know how to perform		difficulty.
rhythmicall		Know and show	a range of jumps		
confidently			showing power, control		
sequences.	precision and control.		and consistency at both		
		a game situation, and	take off and landing.		
Improvise v		link these together			
confidence,		effectively.	Know why some		
demonstrati			athletic activities can		
across their			improve strength,		
ensuring tra	ansitions a performance.	make the best pass in a	power or stamina and		
flow.		game situation and link a	explain how these can		
	To be able to do the	range of skills together	help their performance		
Modify son		with fluency, e.g. passing	in other types of		
elements of	0 3 1	and receiving the ball on	activity.		
sequence as		the move.			
self and pee			Know how to use their		
evaluation.	jump, Pike jump,	USING SPACE:	bodies to:		
	Stag jump, Straight	Know and demonstrate	 Sprint 75m within 		
Use comple		a good awareness of	20-16secs develop to		
vocabulary	to Straight jump full-	space.	15-12secs		
compare an		-F	•Jump for height 30 -		
work.	leap half-turn, Cat	ATTACKING AND	34cm		
	leap full-turn ,Split	DEFENDING:	• Jump for distance150		
	leap, Stag leap.	Know how to think	-179cm • Leap hurdles		
		ahead and create a plan	60m within 25 -18 secs		
	To be able to do the	of attack or defence.	develop to 17 - 14secs		
	following rolls in a	or attack or defence.	• Overarm throw 30 -		
	controlled manner:	Apply knowledge of	34m develop to		
	Forward roll from	skills for attacking and	35+m		
	standing, Straddle	defending.			
	forward roll, Pike	actenuing.	• Chest push 6 - 8 m		
	forward roll, Dive		develop to 8+		

forward roll, T backward roll, Backward roll straddle. Backw roll to standing Pike backward	team to develop fielding strategies to prevent the opposition from scoring.	• Run for longer distance 600m 5:00 - 3:31 develop to 3:30 -2:31		
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Assessment

DANCE	GYMNASTICS	GAMES	ATHLETICS	OAA	SWIMMING

Skill and Assessment focus

Reception Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 1: GAMES: Team Games	Parachute – collaborative work and following instructions	Circle games – collaborative work and following instructions	Circle Games	Circle Games	Circle Games	Circle Games	
Term 1: DANCE							
Term 2: GAMES: Improving Catching	Individual catching practice: 2- hand catch standing on 2 feet (b.bag) One hand catch on 2 feet (b.bag) Paired catching practice: Practice catching with a bean bag sitting down Practice catching with a bean bag whilst resting on knee's	Individual catching practice: One hand to the other catching (b.bag) Paired catching practice: Practice catching with a bean bag whilst standing	Individual catching practice: Two hand catch using a ball One hand catch using a ball Paired catching practice: Practice catching with a medium sized ball whilst sitting	Individual catching practice: One hand to the other catching a ball Paired catching practice: Practice catching with a medium sized ball whilst resting on knee's	Individual catching practice: Throw and catch 2 bean bags at the same time Paired catching practice: Practice catching with a medium sized ball whilst standing	Individual catching practice: Throw and catch 2 bean bags at the same time standing on one leg! Paired catching practice: Practice catching two bean bags at the same time whilst standing	
Term 2: GYMNASTICS							

Term 3: GAMES: Fundamentals - football	Observe current understanding and introduce football	Passing: Can roll a ball to another child to simulate a football pass (with Hands)	Receiving: Can control a moving ball from the ground to simulate receiving a football (with hands)	Dribbling: Can travel with a ball (with hands or feet)	Stealing and defending: Can effectively close another child down to steal a ball (with hands or feet)	Shooting and attacking: Can shoot the ball at a stationary object (with hands)	
Term 3: DANCE							
Term 4: GAMES - Racket games	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Hit: Can roll a ball underarm accurately to another child	Return: Can stop and return a ball accurately using hands along the floor to another child	Serve: Can roll a ball underarm accurately to another child	Rally: Can send a ball backwards and forwards between a pair on the floor continuously.	Match Up: Play a net/wall match appropriate to the child's age	
Term 4: GYMNASTICS							
Term 5: GAMES: Games For Understanding	Taking Turns / spatial awareness – driving hoops	Keeping the Score	Understanding rules: Playing by the rules	Avoiding a defender	Preventing an attacker from scoring	Applying attacking and defending into a game	
Term 5: BALL SKILLS – Hands	Explore throwing	Explore throwing (underarm)	Explore throwing (overarm)	Explore rolling – ball / hoops	Explore stopping a ball (small ball)	Explore catching	
Term 6: ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Running: Demonstrate the difference between running and walking	Jumping: Demonstrate the difference between jumping, hopping and skipping	Throwing: Throw different sized objects for distance	Team Races: Start and finish in a team race	Match Ups: Take part in an athletics event	
Term 6: BALL SKILLS	Review ball skills learnt already using hands and feet	ATTACKING AND DEFENDING: Know how to protect (defend) treasure without touching others.	Know how to retrieve (attack) treasure without touching others.	Match – Up Mini ball skills games using just a ball and feet	Match – Up Mini ball skills games using just a ball and hands	Match-Up Mini-ball skills game using bat and ball	

Year 1 Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 1 GAMES: Invasion Games	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Dribbling: Dribble in different ways with control	Passing: Pass in different ways with accuracy	Receiving: Receive a ball in different ways away from the body	Shooting: Shoot in different ways with accuracy	Match Up: Compete (trying to win) in an invasion game	
Term 1 DANCE							
Term 2 GAMES: Multi-skills	Explore static balancing Understand the concept of bases	Aim a variety of large balls at equipment accurately Time running to intercept the path of a ball	Travel in different ways, showing clear transitions between movements Travel in different directions (side to side, up and down)	To practise agility, balance and co- ordination at a circuit station	Use a racket and bean bag to balance	Use a racket and bean bag to hit the beanbag	
Term 2 GYMNASTICS –							
Term 3 GAMES Fundamentals: Football	Observe current understanding and introduce football	Passing: Can throw a ball to another child to simulate a football pass (with Hands)	Receiving: Can control a moving ball from the air to simulate receiving a football (with hands)	Dribbling: Can travel in different directions with a ball (with hands or feet)	Stealing and Defending: Can react with their body anticipating the direction of the ball in order to intercept/steal (with hands or feet)	Shooting and Attacking: Can shoot the ball at a moving object (with hands)	
Term 3 DANCE:							
Term 4 GAMES: Racket Games	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Hit: Can accurately throw a ball underarm with a bounce to another child	Return: Can catch a ball from a bounce and return it with a bounce accurately to another child	Serve: Can accurately throw a ball underarm with a bounce to another child	Rally: Can continue to send a ball back and forwards with a partner with a bounce between	Match Up: Play a net/wall match appropriate to the child's age	
TERM 4 GYMNASTICS –							

TERM 5 GAMES: Rounders / cricket theme	Show some different ways of hitting, throwing and striking a ball.	Play as a fielder and get the ball back to a STOP ZONE	Hit a ball or bean bag and move quickly to score a range of points (further distance scores more points)	Begin to follow some simple rules (carrying the bat, not over taking someone).	Learn the role of backstop.	Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	
TERM 5 SWIMMING							
TERM 6 ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Running: Demonstrate the difference between running, jogging and walking	Jumping: Jump for distance and height	Throwing: Throw different sized objects for distance and height	Team Races: Take turns quickly in a team race	Match Ups: Take part effectively in an athletics event	
TERM 6 SWIMMING	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					

Year 2 Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 1 GAMES: BALL SKILLS	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Dribbling: Dribble in different ways using left and right hands/feet	Passing: Pass in different ways with speed and accuracy	Receiving: Receive a ball from different heights and distances	Shooting: Shoot in different ways over different distances	Match Up: Compete showing effective ball control without pressure in an invasion game	
Term 1 DANCE							
Term 2 GAMES: Multi-skills	Explore balances on different body parts	Use a racket and sponge ball to balance Use a racket and sponge ball to bounce the ball up and down	Use a racket and sponge ball to bounce the ball off the ground	Time running to intercept the path of a ball successfully	To practise agility, balance and co- ordination at a circuit station	Use a variety of different sized balls to aim at equipment accurately Understand the importance of rules	
Term 2 GYMNASTICS –							

Term 3 GAMES Fundamentals - Football Term 3	Observe current understanding and introduce football	Passing: Can pass a ball to a non moving object or child (with feet)	Receiving: Can control a moving ball from the ground (with feet)	Dribbling: Can dribble a ball at different speeds, whilst changing direction (with feet)	Stealing and Defending: Can forcefully within the rules steal the ball from another players feet (with feet)	Shooting and attacking: Can shoot the ball at a stationary object (with feet)	
DANCE Term 4 GAMES: Racket games	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Hit: Can hit a ball with hands accurately along the floor to another child	Return: Can return a ball accurately hitting with hands along the floor (without stopping the ball)	Serve: Can accurately throw a ball overarm with a bounce to another child	Rally: Can continue a rally with a ball bounce from an overarm throw.	Match Up: Play a net/wall match appropriate to the child's age	
TERM 4 GYMNASTICS - TERM 5 GAMES: CRICKET	Observe current understanding and introduce a striking and fielding game	Fielding – intercepting the ball: Can intercept a moving ball from the floor with 1 hand whilst they are stationary	Fielding – returning the ball: Can perform a stationary under arm throw with accuracy	Batting: Can strike a bouncing ball towards a target	Bowling: Can under arm bowl a ball with accuracy most of the time	Match Up: Play a striking and fielding match appropriate to the children's ability	
TERM 5 SWIMMING TERM 6 ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Running: Run demonstrating acceleration and deceleration	Jumping: Jump using arms and legs to give body swing	Throwing: Throw an object with accuracy	Team Races: Take turns swapping object in a team race	Match Ups: Compete (trying to win) in an athletics event	
TERM 6 SWIMMING							

Year 3 Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 3 GAMES Fundamentals - football	Observe current understanding and introduce football	Passing: Can pass a ball to a moving child (with feet)	Receiving: Can control a moving ball from the ground when you are moving (with feet)	Dribbling: Can dribble a ball effectively around stationary objects (with feet)	Stealing and defending: Can mark a player who is off the ball to gain an advantage in a game	Shooting and attacking: Can shoot the ball at a moving object (with feet)	
Term 1 DANCE							
Term 1 GAMES: BASKETBALL	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Dribbling: Dribble in different ways changing speed	Passing: Pass in different ways over different distances with accuracy	Receiving: Receive a ball at different speeds	Shooting: Shoot in different ways at different speeds	Match Up: Compete showing effective ball control under pressure in an invasion game	
Term 2 GYMNASTICS –							
Term 2 GAMES: Hockey	Begin to show how to hold a hockey stick and which side to use.	Use a simple push pass to another team mate.	Dribble the ball keeping it close to me using the correct side of stick.	Show some signs of approaching a player to tackle and cause pressure.	Show some signs of approaching a player to tackle and cause pressure.	Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	
Term 3 DANCE							
Term 4 GAMES: TENNIS	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Hit: Can hit a ball with a racket accurately along the floor to another child	Return: Can return a ball with a racket accurately along the floor to another child	Serve: Can serve a ball with a racket accurately along the floor to another child	Rally: Can hit and return a ball with a racket in a continuous flow back and forward.	Match up: Play a net/wall match appropriate to the child's age	
TERM 4 GYMNASTICS							
TERM 5 GAMES: CRICKET	Observe current understanding and introduce a cricket game	Fielding – intercepting the ball: Can intercept a moving ball from the	Fielding – returning the ball: Can perform a moving pick up into an underarm throw	Batting: Can strike a ball that has been drop fed towards a targetStretching, curling, arching	Bowling: Can over arm bowl a ball from a stationary position	Match Up: Play a cricket match appropriate to the children's ability	

TERM 5 SWIMMING		floor with 2 hands whilst they are moving in different directions towards the ball					
TERM 5/6 OAA	Work cooperatively to solve group / paired challenges • Listen to and evaluate all ideas and suggestions • Contribute to the group discussion by speaking clearly and offer constructive suggestions	Explore different methods of communication (verbal / non-verbal) and decide which is most effective for you • Demonstrate a willingness to trust others and accept support	Give clear and concise instructions • Follow instructions and accept support from a partner (verbal / physical) • Recognise when your partner needs support	Plan the task carefully with each group member contributing their ideas • Work as a team to solve the problem • Explain how you solved the task	Demonstrate understanding of the concept of a basic map • Navigate your way around a simple orienteering course • Understand the term 'orientate or 'setting' a map	Design and create a route for others to follow • Follow a route using a simple map • Describe safety considerations when orienteering	
TERM 6 SWIMMING TERM 6 ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Running: Demonstrate effective running for a short race and long race, showing a	Jumping: Jog into an effective jump	Throwing: Throw an object for distance with accuracy	Team Races: Take turns quickly swapping an object in a team race	Match Ups: Compete (trying to win) in various athletics events	
		difference between them					

Year 4 Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 1	Introduction:	Passing:	Receiving:	Evasive running:	Defending Skills:	Match Up:	
GAMES: TAG	Introduce the game	Can hold a rugby ball	Can receive a rugby	Can perform a side	Can steal another	Can play a tag rugby	
RUGBY	and	effectively whilst	ball effectively	step to evade a	players tag	match appropriate to	
	observe current	passing accurately	showing control	moving defender	effectively	children's ability	
	understanding		(able to catch ready				
			for the next move)				

Term 1							
DANCE Term 2	Take notes on current	Dribble in different	Pass in different ways	Receive a ball whilst	Shoot whilst moving	Compete making	
GAMES: BASKETBALL	general ability of children to aid planning	ways changing speed and direction with control	whilst moving	moving		correct decisions in the invasion game	
Term 2 GYMNASTICS -							
Term 3 GAMES: HOCKEY	Sometimes change direction of travel by rotating and turning stick to support this.	Use a push pass to make a direct pass. Begin to use a slap pass (bringing stick back and causing more power).	Use speed to dribble the ball into space.	Maintain defence and keep the pressure until possession is gained.	Attempt to score inside a designated scoring area.	Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	
Term 3 DANCE							
Term 4 GAMES: TENNIS	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Hit: Can hit a ball with a racket accurately with a bounce to another child	Return: Can return a ball with a racket from a bounce accurately to another child with a bounce	Serve: Can serve a ball underarm with a racket accurately with a bounce to another child	Rally: Can continue to hit and return with a partner from a serve	Match Up: Play a tennis match appropriate to the child's age	
TERM 4 GYMNASTICS –							
TERM 5 GAMES: CRICKET	Observe current understanding and introduce a cricket game	Fielding – intercepting the ball: Can intercept a moving ball from the floor with 1 hand whilst moving in different directions towards the ball	Fielding – returning the ball: Can perform a stationary overarm throw with accuracy	Batting: Can strike a ball that has been bowled	Bowling: Can over arm bowl a ball from a stationary position towards a target	Match Up: Play a cricket match appropriate to the children's ability	
TERM 5 SWIMMING							
TERM 5/6 OAA	Create symbols for use on an orienteering map and agree class symbols •	Complete a simple 'star' orienteering activity in pairs / groups • Record	Plan and undertake a journey from A to B around the school grounds • Draw a	Follow a journey planned by another group • Give thoughtful feedback	Undertake a planned journey off-site • Understand the	Plan carefully in groups and then work together to build a shelter from	

	Plot symbols onto a school map and agree on an accurate school map for class use • Demonstrate ability to operate safely in small groups when working outside	information accurately and neatly • Follow rules when completing a star orienteering activity	simple map of the route • Assess the potential risks associated with your journey and areas to avoid	that helps others improve their planning • Plan a simple journey off- site e.g. a local park or point of interest • Make a list of items you need to take on a journey and understand why they are important	potential hazards of the journey • Recognise the safety and environmental considerations (country code) that must be adhered to when undertaking a journey	the equipment provided • Describe 3 things to consider when planning where to build a shelter • Evaluate other groups shelters using agreed criteria	
TERM 6 SWIMMING							
TERM 6 ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Running: Run with a full stride to achieve maximum speed	Jumping: Jog before hurdling over an object effectively	Throwing: Throw an object for distance and height with accuracy	Team Races: Take turns in a relay race by receiving an object from behind	Match Ups: Compete (trying to win) as part of a team	

Year 5 Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 1 GAMES: Tag Rugby	Introduction: Introduce the game and observe current understanding	Passing: Can hold a rugby ball effectively whilst passing accurately over a long distance	Receiving: Can receive the ball effectively showing control over different distances	Evasive running: Can show agility to evade more than one defender	Defending Skills: Can steal another players tag effectively in a game situation	Match Up: Can play a tag rugby match appropriate to children's ability	
Term 1 DANCE							
Term 2 GAMES: BASKETBALL	Take notes on current general ability of children to aid planning	Dribble in different ways linking with passing and moving	Pass in the best way linking with dribbling and moving	Receive a ball linking with passing and moving	Shoot linking with moving and passing or dribbling	Compete and succeed individually in an invasion game (degree of success, noted by moments noticed within the invasion game environment)	

Term 2							
GYMNASTICS - Term 3 GAMES: HOCKEY	Change direction and use the correct side of stick, sometimes using indian dribbling (alternating sides of stick while dribbling) to avoid defenders.	Choose between the two passes (push/slap) and explain simply why.	Make a direct pass while dribbling.	Begin to use stick to mark a player from the side line causing them difficulty.	Successfully score while in the scoring area.	Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	
Term 3 DANCE							
Term 4 GAMES: TENNIS	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Hit: Can hit a ball accurately with a racket over a net to another child	Return: Can return a ball with a racket accurately over a net to another child	Serve: Can serve a ball underarm accurately with a racket over a net to another child	Rally: Can serve and then continue play with a ball over the net starting to decide where to send it.	Play a tennis match appropriate to the child's age	
TERM 4 GYMNASTICS -							
TERM 5 GAMES: CRICKET	Observe current understanding and introduce a cricket game	Fielding – intercepting the ball: ball with 2 hands whilst moving in different directions towards the ball	Fielding – returning the ball: Can perform a moving pick up into an overarm throw	Batting: Can strike a ball that has been bowled towards a target	Bowling: Can over arm bowl a ball with a short approach	Match Up: Play a cricket match appropriate to the children's ability	
TERM 5 SWIMMING							
TERM 5/6 OAA	Demonstrate how to warm up and cool down safely for bouldering activities • Demonstrate an understanding of the safety considerations essential when bouldering I.E. 'spotting' • Practice finding and using	Demonstrate effective footwork techniques • Use the correct terms to describe what they are doing • Evaluate the effectiveness of each of the techniques learned	Traverse across the wall using routes of varying difficulty • Provide constructive support and feedback to others • Apply previously learned skills to complete the tasks	Apply learned techniques to climb in the most efficient manner • Memorise moves learned from individual sections to successfully complete a longer continuous traverse • Improve own learning and	Undertake a planned journey • Demonstrate understanding of the safety measures that have been considered and an understanding of the Country Code • Understand the	Undertake a planned journey • Demonstrate understanding of the safety measures that have been considered and an understanding of the Country Code • Understand the benefits of using a	
	appropriate hand and			performance through	benefits of using a	route card to include	

	foot holds • Develop trust with a partner in order to give and accept support			reflective thinking and actions • Persevere to overcome difficult challenges	route card to include distances, route description and compass bearings	distances, route description and compass bearings	
TERM 6 SWIMMING							
TERM 6 ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's Current understanding of the topic	Running: Run a race showing an understanding of pacing the run	Jumping: Run before hurdling over an object effectively	Throwing: Throw an object using the whole body	Team Races: Take turns in a relay race by receiving an object from behind whilst moving forwards	Match Ups: Compete and succeed in an athletics event (degree of success, noted by positioning in events against those of similar physical development)	

Year 6 Knowledge Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Assessment Focus
Term 1 GAMES: Tag Rugby	Introduction: Introduce the game and observe current understanding	Passing: Can hold a rugby ball effectively whilst passing accurately on the move	Receiving: Can receive the ball effectively with control over different distances whilst moving	Evasive running: Can show agility to evade more than one defender whilst changing speed and direction	Defending Skills: Can effectively defend as part of a team	Match Up: Can play a tag rugby match appropriate to children's ability	Assessment Focus
Term 1 DANCE							
Term 2 GAMES: BASKETBALL	Take notes on current general ability of children to aid planning	Dribble in different ways with control under pressure	Pass in the best way with speed and accuracy under pressure	Receive a ball under pressure linking with other skills	Shoot in different ways under pressure linking with other skills	Compete and succeed individually and as a team player in an invasion game (degree of success, noted by moments noticed within the invasion game environment)	
Term 2 GYMNASTICS:							

Term 3 GAMES: HOCKEY	Use speed, changing of direction and indian dribbling to advance towards team's goal.	Use a range of passes knowing which one depending on the distance of the pass.	Dribble and change direction by making a square pass (across the pitch) or straight pass (up/down the pitch).	Know when to defend and what defence skills could be used.	Seize an opportunity to score, sometimes quite quickly.	Play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	
Term 3 DANCE							
Term 4 GAMES: TENNIS	Identify children's current understanding of the topic	Can hit a ball accurately with a racket using one or both sides over a net to score in a match	Can return a ball accurately over a net to score in a match	Can serve a ball underarm / overarm accurately with a racket over a net to score in a match		Can serve a ball underarm accurately with a racket over a net to score in a match	
TERM 4							
GYMNASTICS – TERM 5 GAMES: CRICKET	Observe current understanding and introduce a cricket game	Fielding – intercepting the ball: Can intercept an aerial ball with 2 hands whilst stationary	Fielding – returning the ball: Can select the appropriate method of returning the ball (overarm/underarm/ rolling)	Batting: Can strike a ball that has been bowled in different directions	Bowling: Can over arm bowl a ball with a short approach with accuracy	Match Up: Play a cricket match appropriate to the children's ability	
TERM 5 SWIMMING							
TERM 5/6 OAA	Devise and implement practical solutions to given problems • Work collaboratively to ensure that the group arrives at an agreed decision • Evaluate the effectiveness of the decision making process and discuss	Work collaboratively to solve the problem • Generate ideas and express them to the group • Evaluate how effective your methods were	Develop expertise in the orienteering skills of orientating a map, following a course, and recognition of relevant map symbols • Successfully record information • Demonstrate an	Plan a short loop course for another pair to follow • Improve confidence in map reading and the transfer of information from map to ground • Provide advice and constructive feedback	Apply skills of orienteering including thumbing the map, route choice and symbol recognition • Plan the most efficient route so that the course is completed in the guickest time •	Develop map reading skills • Complete the orienteering course in the fastest time possible competing against a partner • Listen carefully to instructions	

TERM 6	how it may be improved		understanding of the relationship between pacing and distance • Apply safety considerations when completing the practical task		Identify the key navigation skills required		
SWIMMING							
TERM 6 ATHLETICS	Introduction: Identify children's Current understanding of the topic	Running: Start and finish a race with technique	Jumping: Link hopping, skipping and jumping	Throwing: Throw an object demonstrating a follow through technique	Team Races: Take turns in a relay race by receiving an object from behind whilst running forwards	Match Ups: Compete and succeed in various athletics events (degree of success, noted by positioning in events against those of similar physical development)	

Physical Education Vocabulary Please use the following when teaching Physical Education.

Early Years Physical Development Vocabulary

DANCE	GYMN	ASTICS	GAMES	ATHLETICS
Slithering	Forwards	Balance	Throw	Walk
Shuffling	Backwards	Tip toe	Catch	Jog
Rolling	Sideways	Big steps	Kick	Throw
Crawling	Bench	Small steps	Roll	Target
Walking	Mat	Squat	Partner	Jump
Running	Table	Climb	Aim	Run
Skipping	Roll	Reach up	space	Нор
Sliding	Long	Pull up	Target	Skip
Hopping	Slow		hoop	Fast

Control	On	Catch	Pass
Coordination	Off	2 hands	In pairs
Tall	Stretched	1 hand	Running
Crouch	Curled	Higher	Space
Bend	Tuck	Lower	Gallop
Balance	Body parts	Dribble	Direction
Straight up, down	Tall	control	1 foot to 2 feet
Curvy, soft	Small	Strike	Stop
Zigzag	Shape	Power	Slow
Flow	Hold	Force	Dodge
Loop the loop	Still	Aim	Freeze
	Jump	Goal!	Тад
	Нор	Avoid	
	Bounce	Speed	
	Travel	Around	
	Сору	In and out	

Key Stage 1 Physical Education Vocabulary

DANCE	GYM	INASTICS	GAMES	ATHLETICS	OAA	SWIMMING
	Place	bottom				
Travel	Stretch	back	Avoiding			
Stillness	Push	around	Tracking a ball			
Direction	Pull	through	Rolling			
Space	Нор	extension	Striking			
Beginning	Skip	roll	Overarm throw			
Middle	Step	сору	Bouncing			
End	Spring	pathway	Catching			
Feelings	Crawl	along	Free space			
Body parts	still	jump	Own space			
Levels	slowly	land	Opposite			
Directions	tall	balance	Team			

Pathways	long	tension	Rebound	Throw	
Speed	wide	curved	Follow	High	
Rhythm	narrow	straight	Aiming	Low	
	up	zig-zag	Speed	Skip	
	down	shape	Direction	Aim	
	forwards	over	Passing	Fast	
	high	hang	Controlling	Slow	
	low	grip	Shooting	Safely	
	elbows	Twisted	Scoring	Step	
	In front	Curled		Bounce	
	Speed	Level		Jump	
	Slow	Medium		Leap	
	fast	Backwards		Нор	
	Shape	Sideways		Repeat	
	Long	Forwards		Run	
	Land	Zig zag		Target	
	Off	Angular		Overarm	
	High	Under		Underarm	
	Low	Through		Walking	
	Stretch	Behind		Jogging	
	Point	Smooth		Accelerate	
	Balance	Sequence		Baton	
		Height		Relay	
				Push	
				Take off	
				Landing	
				Evaluate	
				Improve	

Lower Key Stage 2 Physical Education Vocabulary

Ι	DANCE	GYMNASTICS	GAMES	ATHLETICS	OAA	SWIMMING

	Flow	90 degrees		Sling	Alphabet	Water
Space	Explosive	180 degrees	Keep possession	Pull	Parachute	Proficiently
Repeat	Symmetrical	Leaving	Keep the ball	Distance	Communication	Strokes
Dance Phrase	Asymmetrical	Approaching	Scoring goals	Sprint	Problem solving	front crawl
Improvisation	Combination	Balance	Keeping score	Steady pace	Мар	backstroke
Character	Evaluate	Forwards	Making space	Accuracy	Route	breaststroke
Gesture	Improve	Backwards	Pass/send/receive	Height	Кеу	butterfly
Repetition	Stretch	Combine	Dribble	Record	Symbol	safety
Action and reaction	Refine	Rotation	Dodge	Joints	Control	self-rescue
Myth	Adapt	Against	Travel with a ball	Rhythm	Control card	confidence
Legend	Pathway	Towards	Back up	Leading leg	Safety	distance
Costume	Contrasting	Across	Support partner	Measure	Listening	
Prop	Curled	Evaluate	Make use of space	Underarm	Instructions	
Pattern	Stretched	Improve	Points	Overarm	thinking time	
	Suppleness	Height	Goals	Heart beat	solution	
	Strength	Strength	Rules	Pulse rate	Orientation route	
	Inverted	Suppleness	Tactics	Jogging	Co-operation	
	Jump	Stamina	Batting	Walk	Discussion	
	Land	Speed	Fielding	Hurdles	Listen	
	Over	Level	Bowler	Landing	Compass	
	Under	Wide	Wicket	Control	Cardinal points	
		Tucked	Тее	Preferred	Star orienteering	
		Straight	Base	Landing foot	Point to point –	
		Twisted	Boundary	Time	orienteering	
		Constructive	Innings	Stamina		
		Points	Rounder	Obstacles		
		Twist	Backstop	Stance		
		Turn	Court	Diagonal		
		Safety	Target	Approach		
		Refine	Net	Speed		
		Away	Defending	Relay		
		· ·	Hitting			
			Stance			
			Offside			
			Pitch			

Forehand Backhand Volley Overhead Singles Doubles Rally		
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Upper Key Stage 2 Physical Education Vocabulary

DANCE	GYMN	ASTICS	GAMES	ATHLETICS	OAA	SWIMMING
	Dynamics	Co-operate	Keeping possession	Sprint	Bearing	Water
Dance style	Combination	Audience	Passing	Team	Compass	Proficiently
Technique	Contrasting	Elements	Dribbling	Distance	Direction	Strokes
Formation	Control	Twist	Shooting	Measure	Control	front crawl
Pattern	Mirroring	Obstacles	Shield ball	Height	Trail	backstroke
Rhythm	Matching	Aesthetically	Width	Target	Control card	breaststroke
Variation	Accurately	Criteria	Depth	Pacing	Blindfold	butterfly
Improvisation	Refine	Extension	Support	Rhythm	Problem solving	safety
Unison	Evaluate	Judgement	Marking	Obstacles	Planning	self-rescue
Canon	Display	Tension	Covering	Leading leg	Communication	confidence
Action	Asymmetry	Inverted	Repossession	Hurdles	Discussion	Water Polo
Reaction	Performance	Judge	Attackers	Throwing	Leadership	Synchronised Swimming
Motif	Create	Dynamics	Defenders	Speed	Safety	Diving
Phrase	Symmetry	Combination	Dodge	Accuracy		Aquafit
Interpret	Refinements	Canon	Marking	Take off		Distance
interpret	Assessment		Team play	Stamina		

Exploration	Suppleness	Counter-	Batting	Time		
	Strength	tension	Fielding	Projectory		
	Cool down	Counter-	Bowler	Release		
	Warm up	balance	Wicket	Performance		
	Muscles	Criteria	Тее	Accuracy		
	Joints	Performance	Base	Take off		
	Explore	Imaginative	Boundary	Distance		
	Rotation	Parallel	Innings	Target		
	Spin	Creativity	Rounder	Time		
	Turn	Timing	Backstop	Position		
	Shape	Landing	Court	Measure		
	Flight	Take-off	Target	Control		
			Net	Height		
			Defending	Run up		
			Hitting	Hurdles		
			Stance			
			Offside			
			Pitch			
			Forehand			
			Backhand			
			Volley			
			Overhead			
			Singles			
			Doubles			
			Rally			

PE - Glossary and Topic Vocabulary Document

Please find below a bank of general terms with their associated definitions, use this to ensure you have accurate understanding of the terms that are commonly used when teaching the subject of PE – these terms have been selected as they will be commonly used in all year groups across the school.

Key Term	Definition
AGILITY	The ability to change the direction of the body in an efficient and effective manner. Pupils can be encouraged to develop their agility
	through travelling in large and small spaces in gymnastics and dance and in taking part in team games, fitness and other activities
	involving directional changes

To examine the nature or structure of something, especially by separating it into its parts, in order to understand or explain it. Pupils should be able to use a variety of methods to analyse their own and others' performances in a range of different activities.
The ability to maintain equilibrium when stationary or moving (i.e. not to fall over) through the coordinated actions of our sensory functions (eyes, ears and the proprioceptive organs in our joints). Static Balance – The ability to retain the centre of mass above the base of support in a stationary position. Dynamic Balance – The ability to maintain balance with body movement. Pupils should be able to balance on two feet before attempting to balance on one foot, on other parts of the body or inverted.
Competition refers to a contest for some prize, honour or advantage. Although pupils at KS1 and KS2 enjoy a competitive element in activities, the extent and type of competition needs to be age appropriate. KS1 pupils can take part in activities where they compete against their personal bests, which may be rewarded with positive feedback and praise. Pupils can also take part in simple games in groups of 2-4, where attitude and motivation as well as performance are acknowledged. Pupils at KS2 can also compete against their personal bests. KS2 pupils should also take part in differentiated partner and small group or modified games and activities. KS2 pupils may begin to take part in some of the mini versions of sports i.e. Quick Cricket, Red tennis etc. Pupils should also be encouraged to use competition as a way of peer and self-assessment.
To be certain about something or feeling sure of oneself and one's abilities. To promote confidence pupils should be appropriately challenged and praised for working to the best of their ability and making progress. In turn, this should motivate and encourage them to have a go and try new things. It is also important pupils feel confident in their teacher's knowledge and ability to support their learning.
To exercise restraint or direction over; dominate; command. Pupils from a young age should be encouraged to focus on controlling their movements. When travelling in a space pupils' attention should be drawn to spatial awareness and moving with control. When performing a sequence or balance, good control through sound body tension should be an expectation and when stopping, pupils should be taught to hold still.
The ability to control the movement of the body in co-operation with the body's sensory functions, e.g. catching a ball (ball, hand and eye co-ordination).
The competency in motor skills and movement patterns needed to perform a variety of physical activities. There are a number of different types of skills: • Cognitive – or intellectual skills that require thought processes • Perceptual – involving interpretation of presented information • Motor – involving movement and muscle control • Perceptual motor – involving the thought, interpretation and movement skills Pupils will be at different levels in their development of core movement skills. Opportunities to develop and assess pupils' core movement skills should be the foundation to physical education.
 Fairness and respect within physical education can be demonstrated and developed as follows, by: Fairness Taking turns Sharing equipment and apparatus Following rules and making up rules for games Recognising and accommodating the different abilities of their peers Sharing ideas and knowledge

	Accepting anyone can take part regardless of their race, religion, gender or sex.
	Respect
	 Caring for equipment and apparatus
	 Keeping themselves and others safe i.e. when travelling in a space, moving equipment
	 Celebrating others' successes, including of opponents
	• Listening to teachers' instructions
	 Listening and responding to others' ideas
	 Understanding everyone has a right to take part regardless of ability
	Recognising others' contributions
FITNESS	There are two main types of fitness, health-related and skill-related. In the NCPE, the term is used to refer to health-related fitness.
	This comprises five components (cardiovascular endurance, muscular strength, muscular endurance, flexibility and body composition).
	Personal fitness – Personal fitness is the composite level of these five components that an individual possesses at any point in time.
FLEXIBILITY	Flexibility, mobility and suppleness all refer to the range of limb movement around joints.
	In activities such as gymnastics and athletics pupils can draw on and develop their flexibility using the full range of movement in
	controlled, focused as well as in dynamic ways. Where possible, skills and positions demanding flexibility are best practised and refined
	statically (i.e. still) first, before being performed dynamically (i.e. moving).
STRATEGY	The intended or chosen plan to achieve a particular purpose; for example, in the physical education context, the plan to overcome an
	opponent in a game or to solve a problem in outdoor education.
STRENGTH	The ability of a muscle or muscle group to overcome a resistance. At KS1 and KS2, pupils can develop strength through taking their own
	body weight, balancing, climbing, hanging, swinging, jumping, skipping, running, or swimming etc.
TACTIC	The particular method used or selected to achieve something.
TECHNIQUE	A technique is the way of performing a skill.
	Players select different techniques for performing skills on the basis of:
	Their personal preference – which technique suits their level of skill or confidence
	The effectiveness of the technique – which technique gives them the most success
	The situation – which technique is best at a given time and place, and is within the rules.

ACCURACY	To hit a goal/target exactly. Free from mistakes.
AEROBIC	The work of the heart and lungs to use oxygen effectively
BEAT	The rhythm of music
CIRCUIT	A series of exercises, moving round from one to the other
CORE	The muscles around the middle of your body
CORE STRENGTH	Strong muscles at the centre of your body, keep you stable.

DIRECTION	The way in which you travel.
DRIBBLE	To move along in repeated bounces, kicks or pushes.
FOREHAND / BACKHAND	To strike an object with the palm facing forwards or backwards
HEART-RATE	How often your heart beats in a time period. (1min)
IMPROVISE	To perform without planning or practice
MOBILITY	How easy it is to move around.
OVERARM / UNDERARM	Throwing an object under the shoulder or over the shoulder.
PACE	The rate of movement
POSTURE	The way you hold your body.
RALLY	To repeatedly hit an object between two or more people
RHYTHM	Movement marked by the repetition of sound.
SEQUENCE	A pattern where one thing follows another
STAMINA	Being able to keep effort going for a long time
STRIKE	To hit an object.
SYMMETRY	When both sides of something are balanced in form, size, etc
TARGET	An object/mark that you aim something at.
TEMPO	The speed at which music/an activity takes place
TIMING	Being able to adjust your pace to create the most useful result
TRAVELLING	Moving around an area.