Progression in Whole Text Building:						
sequence and cohesion / text structure / appropriate to genre						
Reception	Year 1	Year 2				
Write a label to name something	Sequence ideas to form a short and simple narrative* (oral and written) based on a	Sequence sentences and ideas to form a simple, coherent narrative* (oral and written)				
Write an instruction e.g. on a label in the class role play area	known story, sometimes using a pictorial story map as a guide	which makes sense				
Write a simple caption e.g. to go with a picture or photograph	Sequence ideas to recount a real experience	In story-writing, sequence events to shape a simple story, sometimes adding own ideas to a familiar tale				
Write a sentence about an experience	Write a title	Sequence ideas correctly to record a real				
Write a sentence about an experience Write a sentence to go with an event Write a sentence to describe a character	Write to the simple purpose of the task, relating content to that purpose	experience or event				
Sometimes join a few ideas together e.g. two or three phrases/ sentences	Use the adult's model to write a non-rhyming poem e.g. as a 'list' of ideas inspired by the	Sequence instructions in the right order, using some conjunctions for clarity				
	given context (such as fireworks/sweets/toys/autumn/gardens)	Write to the purpose of the task, choosing content appropriately				
		With guidance, write information about a given topic, organising into sections; write a title and sometimes add subheadings for different sections				
		Use a scaffold to write poems in different ways, using other poems as models				

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Use adult model to begin to	With some independence,	With some independence,	Independently organise
organise paragraphs, as a way to	organise paragraphs around a	organise information from	information from beginning to
group related material	theme	beginning to end, using	end, using meaningful paragraphs
		meaningful paragraphs	
In story-writing create settings,	Create settings, characters and		Link ideas across
characters and plot, using a	plot when writing stories,	Select from a range of	paragraphs using a wider
shared text to gather ideas	sometimes innovating with own	conjunctions and adverbials, to	range of cohesive devices
	ideas	achieve fluency and cohesion	to achieve fluency and
Include headings and sub-		through the piece; link ideas	cohesion e.g. repetition of
headings in non-narrative writing	Independently include headings	across paragraphs using	word or phrase;
	and sub-headings in non-	adverbials of time or place e.g.	grammatical connections
Sequence ideas chronologically,	narrative writing	later, nearby; or tense choices	e.g. use of adverbials such
using a range of conjunctions to		e.g. he had seen her before	as on the other hand, in
make the sequence clear	Use a wide range of conjunctions		contrast, as a
TT: 41 1.16 1.1.1	and adverbials to achieve	Maintain cohesion through	consequence; and ellipsis.
Using the adult model, begin to	cohesion, and to extend sentence	judicious vocabulary choices,	W-i
use fronted adverbials to vary	complexity	according to the content and	Write a summary of longer
sentence openings	Independently use fronted	purpose of the piece	passages
Maintain correct tense to achieve	adverbials to open some	With adult model, begin to write a	Use organisational devices to
cohesion through the piece	sentences	précis of longer passages	structure a range of non-narrative
conesion through the piece	sentences	precis of longer passages	texts e.g. columns or tables to
Begin to recognise and use some	Choose appropriate pronoun or	Use organisational devices to	structure text
features of the chosen genre	noun within and across	structure non-narrative texts e.g.	
	sentences, to aid cohesion and	headings/underlining/bullet points	Ensure consistent and correct use
Using a model, write poems in	avoid repetition		of tense through the piece
different forms e.g. shape poems		Sustain and adjust tense	
/ simple structure poems with	Maintain correct tense to achieve	accurately through the piece	Confidently use the features of a
scaffold	cohesion, sometimes managing		wide range of genres across
	change of tense when required	Know and use the features of a	narrative and non-narrative forms
		range of genres	

Know and use some features of the chosen genre	Sometimes independently, write	Write a wider range of poetry in different forms e.g. rhyming /
Write poems in different forms	poetry in different forms using models to guide and inspire	narrative poem / mood poem / poems which include change of
e.g. haiku / list / free verse / narrative poetry		structure / riddle etc.